\$ \$   Prince Edward Island 164,282 116,304   Nova Scotia 1,953,561 1,627,719   New Brunswick 1,413,867 1,281,341   Quebec 10,679,029 10,664,393   Manitoba 643,476 1,351,505   Saskatchewan 968,261 892,550   Alberta 1,565,186 1,199,106	\$ 247, 507 2, 840, 832	\$ 257, 504	\$ 1,214,421	\$
Nova Scotia 1,953,561 1,627,719   New Brunswick 1,413,867 1,281,341   Quebec 11,270,763 10,323,563   Ontario 10,679,029 10,664,393   Manitoba 643,476 1,351,505   Saskatchewan 968,261 892,550			1,214,421	
British Columbia 2,523,813 4,008,229   Yukon and N.W.T - - -	2, 840, 832 2, 028, 382 14, 213, 460 13, 356, 516 1, 158, 957 1, 218, 591 1, 896, 284 3, 601, 949	1,758,747 1,835,331 14,033,510 14,464,189 1,159,801 938,516 2,208,120 5,247,302 - 41,903,020 <sup>2</sup>	$\begin{array}{c} 2,543,875\\ 2,278,947\\ 17,247,675\\ 16,273,816\\ 1,909,952\\ 1,834,278\\ 2,544,689\\ 3,437,408\\ 128,302^{1} \end{array}$	

9.—Fire Losses, by Provinces, 1942-46

<sup>1</sup> Available for the first time in 1946. <sup>2</sup> See footnote to Table 8, p. 1069.

The property losses by provinces given in Table 9 are the total fire losses insured and uninsured. The percentages of the provincial total uninsured were as follows: Prince Edward Island,  $19 \cdot 1$ ; Nova Scotia,  $56 \cdot 1$ ; New Brunswick,  $36 \cdot 1$ ; Quebec,  $22 \cdot 2$ ; Ontario,  $18 \cdot 8$ ; Manitoba,  $13 \cdot 0$ ; Saskatchewan,  $30 \cdot 3$ ; Alberta,  $20 \cdot 3$ ; British Columbia,  $38 \cdot 1$ ; and Yukon and Northwest Territories,  $61 \cdot 3$ . Uninsured losses formed  $24 \cdot 5$  p.c. of total losses for Canada.

10.-Fire Losses, by Type of Property, 1946

Type of Property	Fires Reported	Property Loss	Type of Property	Fires Reported	Property Loss
	No.	\$		No.	\$
Residential Mercantile Farm Manufacturing	5,595 3,348	$10,544,847\\11,923,384\\4,200,157\\11,405,178$	Institutional and assembly Miscellaneous Totals	2,719	4,878,948 6,460,849 49,413,363

11.—Fire Losses, by Origin, 1946

Cause Reported	Fires Reported	Property Loss	Cause Reported	Fires Reported	Property Loss
······	No.	\$		No.	\$
Smokers' carelessness Stoves, furnaces, boilers and smoke pipes	18,964 5,697		Lightning Exposure fires Spontaneous ignition Incendiarism	630 454	1,102,504 1,417,795
Electrical wiring and appli- ances Defective and overheated chimneys and flues	4,832 3,494		Miscellaneous known causes (explosions, fireworks, fric-	000	000,001
Matches Hot ashes, coals, open fires Petroleum and its products	2,819 2,478 1,621	672,881 870,875 1,755,760	steam and hot water pipes, etc.) Unknown	<b>3</b> ,899 6, <b>5</b> 69	8,072,111 20,112,597
Sparks on roofs Lights, other than electric	1,479 1,206			55,400	49,413,363

## Section 2.—Life Insurance

The life insurance in force, in Canada, in companies registered by the Dominion in 1947 was over \$11,900,000,000, an increase of over \$1,088,000,000 over the figure for 1946. There has been not only an increase in new business, but also a greater stability in business written compared with the depression in early war years.